

## Mine Sweeper

### Problem Description

Minesweeper game is a very classic stand-alone game. In a minefield with  $n$  rows and  $m$  columns, some grids contain mines (called mine lattices) and others do not (called non-mine grids). When the player turns over a non-mine grid, a number will appear indicating how many mines are in the surrounding grid. The goal of the game is to find all the non-mines grids without turning over any mines grids.

Now given the distribution of mines in the minefield with  $n$  rows and  $m$  columns, please calculate the number of mines around each non-mine grid.

Note: The surrounding grids of a grid include the grids directly adjacent to it in eight directions: upper, lower, left, right, upper left, upper right, lower left, and lower right.

### Input

The first row is two integers  $n$  and  $m$  separated by a space, representing the number of rows and columns of the minefield respectively.

The next  $n$  lines, each with  $m$  characters, describe the distribution of mines in the minefield. The character '\*' means the corresponding grid is a mine grid, and the character '?' indicates that the corresponding grid is a non-mine grid. There is no separator between adjacent characters.

For 100% of the data,  $1 \leq n \leq 100$ ,  $1 \leq m \leq 100$ .

### Output

The output contains  $n$  lines with  $m$  characters in each line, describing the entire minefield. Use '\*' to represent mine grids, and use the number of mines around to represent the non-mine grids. There is no separator between adjacent characters.

### Sample Input

```
3 3
*??
???
```

### Sample Output

```
*10
221
1*1
```